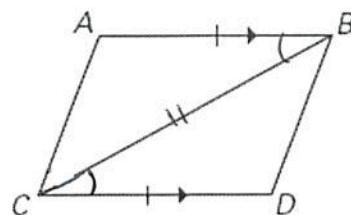
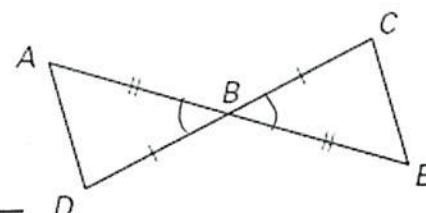


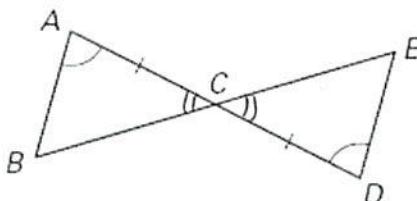
Triangle Congruence Proofs

Name Key1. Given: $\overline{AB} \parallel \overline{CD}$, $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{CD}$ Prove: $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle DCB$ 

Statements	reasons
① $\overline{AB} \parallel \overline{CD}$ $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{CD}$	① given
② $\angle ABC \cong \angle DCB$	② AIA Thm
③ $\overline{CB} \cong \overline{BC}$	③ reflexive prop of \cong
④ $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle DCB$	④ SAS

2. Given: B is the midpoint of \overline{AE} . B is the midpoint of \overline{CD} .Prove: $\triangle ABD \cong \triangle EBC$ 

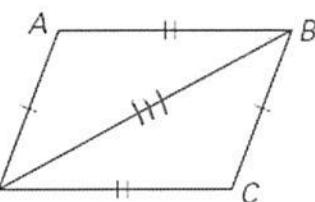
Statements	reasons
① B is mdpt of \overline{AE} B is mdpt of \overline{CD}	① given
② $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{EB}$	② Def of mdpt
③ $\overline{DB} \cong \overline{CB}$	③ Def of mdpt
④ $\angle ABD \cong \angle EBC$	④ vertical \angle 's \cong Thm
⑤ $\triangle ABD \cong \triangle EBC$	⑤ SAS

3. Given: $\overline{AC} \cong \overline{DC}$, $\angle A \cong \angle D$ Prove: $\angle B \cong \angle E$ 

Statements	reasons
① $\overline{AC} \cong \overline{DC}$ $\angle A \cong \angle D$	① given
② $\angle ACB \cong \angle DCE$	② vertical \angle 's \cong Thm
③ $\triangle ACB \cong \triangle DCE$	③ ASA
④ $\angle B \cong \angle E$	④ CPCTC

4. Given: $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{DC}$, $\overline{AD} \cong \overline{BC}$

Prove: $\angle A \cong \angle C$



Statements | reasons

① $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{DC}$
 $\overline{AD} \cong \overline{BC}$

② $\overline{DB} \cong \overline{BD}$

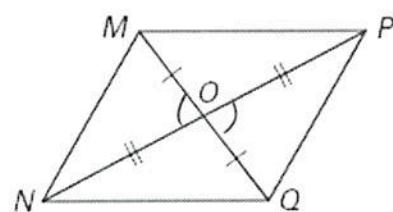
③ $\triangle ADB \cong \triangle CBD$

④ $\angle A \cong \angle C$

5. Given: O is the midpoint of \overline{MQ}

O is the midpoint of \overline{NP} .

Prove: $\triangle MON \cong \triangle QOP$



Statements | reasons

① O is mdpt of \overline{MQ}
 O is mdpt of \overline{NP}

② $\angle MON \cong \angle QOP$

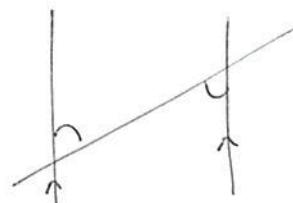
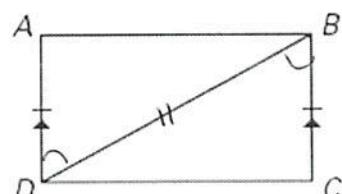
③ $\overline{MO} \cong \overline{QO}$

④ $\overline{NO} \cong \overline{PO}$

⑤ $\triangle MON \cong \triangle QOP$

6. Given: $\overline{AD} \cong \overline{CB}$, $\overline{AD} \parallel \overline{CB}$

Prove: $\triangle ABD \cong \triangle CDB$



Statements | reasons

① $\overline{AD} \cong \overline{CB}$
 $\overline{AD} \parallel \overline{CB}$

② $\angle ADB \cong \angle CBD$

③ $\overline{DB} \cong \overline{BD}$

④ $\triangle ABD \cong \triangle CDB$