

Name: Key

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Hour: \_\_\_\_\_

## GEOMETRY 2.5-2.7 Review

2.5: Reason Using Properties from Algebra

Solve the equation. Write a reason for each step.

1)  $-9x - 21 = -20x - 87$

2)  $3(2x + 9) = 30$

Statements	Reasons	Statements	Reasons
$-9x - 21 = -20x - 87$	given	$3(2x + 9) = 30$	given
$-9x = -20x - 66$	Addition	$6x + 27 = 30$	Distributive
$11x = -66$	Addition	$6x = 3$	Subtraction
$x = -6$	Division	$x = \frac{3}{6}$	Division

3)  $15x + 22 = 7x + 62$

4)  $5x + 2(2x - 23) = -154$

Statements	Reasons	Statements	Reasons
$15x + 22 = 7x + 62$	given	$5x + 2(2x - 23) = -154$	given
$15x = 7x + 40$	Subtraction	$5x + 4x - 46 = -154$	Distributive
$8x = 40$	Subtraction	$9x - 46 = -154$	combine like terms
$x = 5$	Division	$9x = -108$	Addition
		$x = -12$	Division

2.6: Prove Statements about Segments and Angles

Name the property illustrated by the statement.

5) If  $\angle DEF \cong \angle JKL$ , then  $\angle JKL \cong \angle DEF$

6)  $\angle C \cong \angle C$

Symmetric prop of  $\cong$ reflexive prop of  $\cong$ 

7) If  $MN = PQ$  and  $PQ = RS$  then  $MN = RS$

transitive prop of  $=$

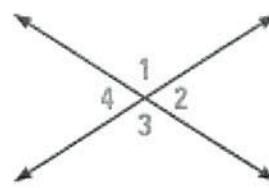
## 2.7: Prove Angle Pair Relationships

8) If  $m\angle 1 = 114^\circ$ , find  $m\angle 2, m\angle 3$  and  $m\angle 4$

$$m\angle 3 = 114^\circ \quad m\angle 2 = m\angle 4 = 66^\circ$$

9) If  $m\angle 4 = 57^\circ$ , find  $m\angle 1, m\angle 2$  and  $m\angle 3$

$$m\angle 2 = 57^\circ, m\angle 1 = m\angle 3 = 123^\circ$$



10) Given:  $\angle 3$  and  $\angle 2$  are complementary

$$m\angle 1 + m\angle 2 = 90^\circ$$

Prove:  $\angle 3 \cong \angle 1$

### Statements

### Reasons

1.  $\angle 3 + \angle 2$  are complementary

$$m\angle 1 + m\angle 2 = 90^\circ$$

2.  $m\angle 3 + m\angle 2 = 90^\circ$

3.  $m\angle 1 + m\angle 2 = m\angle 3 + m\angle 2$

4.  $m\angle 1 = m\angle 3$

5.  $\angle 1 \cong \angle 3$

1. given

2. Def of complementary

3. transitive Prop of =

4. Subtraction

5. Def of  $\cong$  angles